### REASONING WITH GRAPHS

Visual Analytics Supporting Rule Based Modeling

G. Melançon, B.Pinaud, H. Kirchner, M. Fernandez, O. Namet, J. Dubois







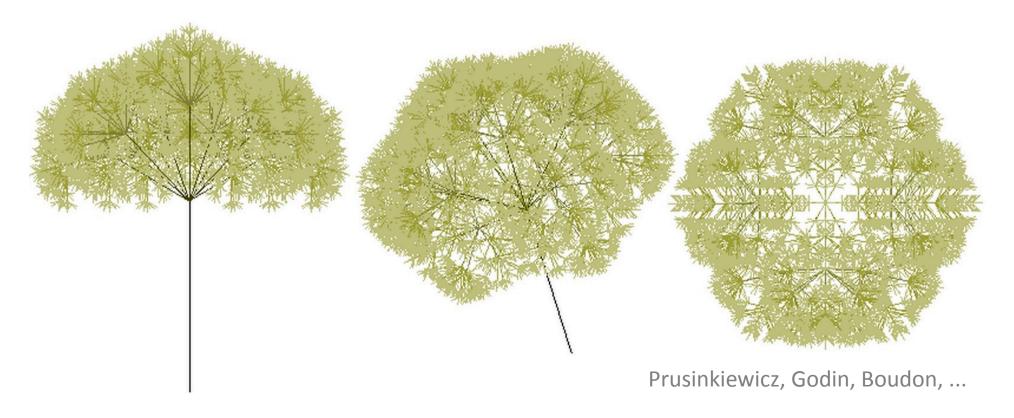
### THE DRIVING FORCE

### **EMERGENCE**

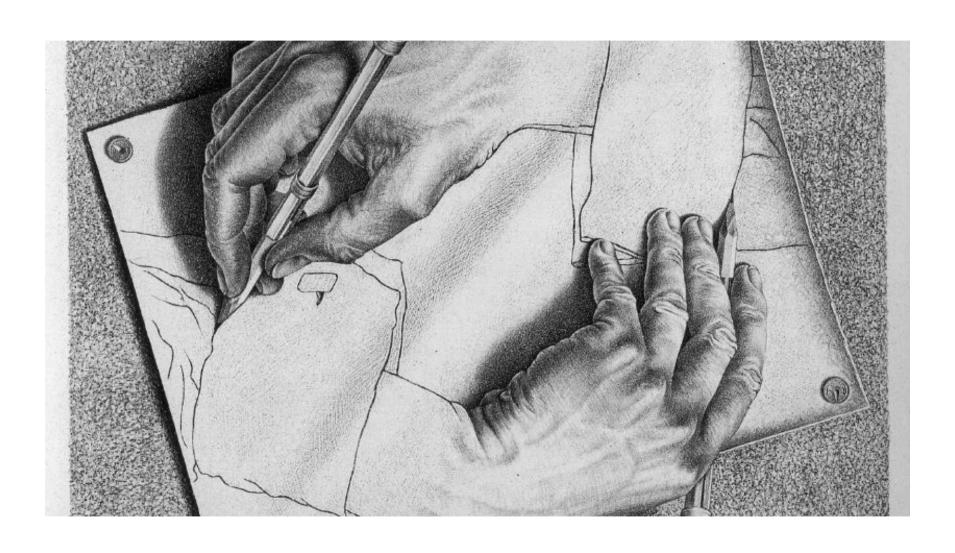


### **EMERGENCE**

- The whole is greater than the sum of its parts
  - Structure emerges from the repeated application of lower scale local transforms



### **DESIGNING EMERGENCE**







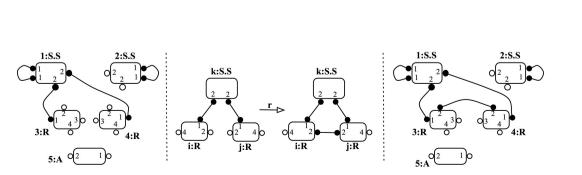
#### WWW.EMERGENCEBYDESIGN.ORG

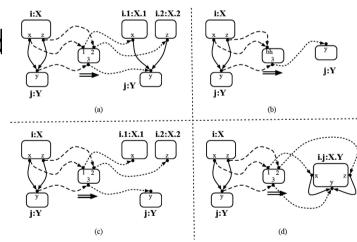
The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n°284625

GRAPH REWRITING SYSTEMS

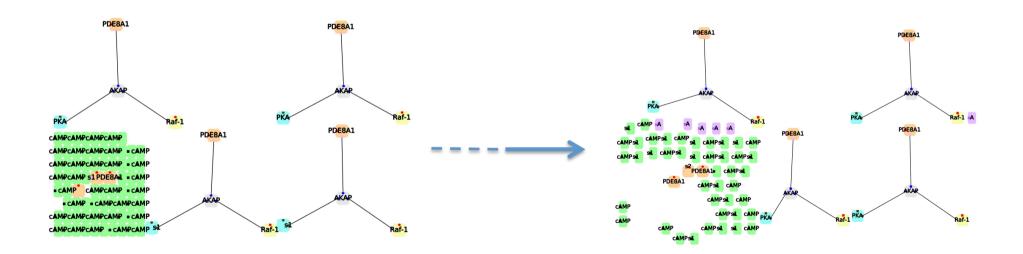
### THE PARADIGM

- Graphical reasoning
  - Rooted in Graph Rewriting Systems theory
  - Rules are defined, communicated and specified by drawing them
  - Most of the time implemented
     GUI

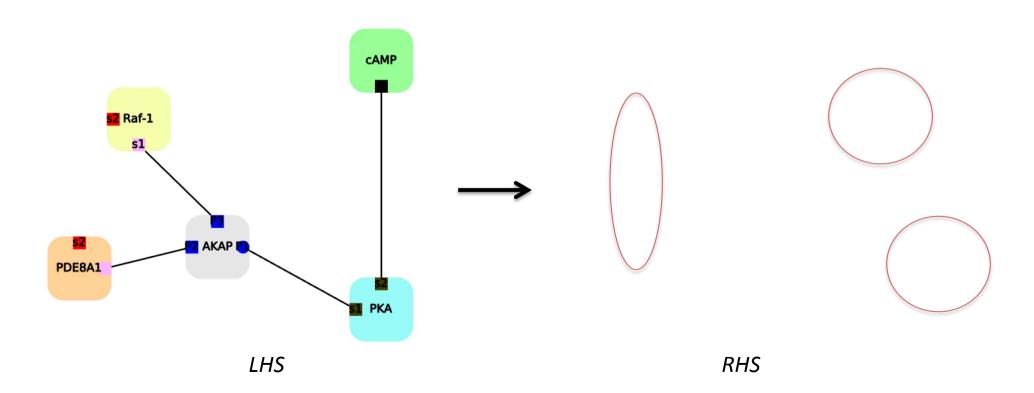




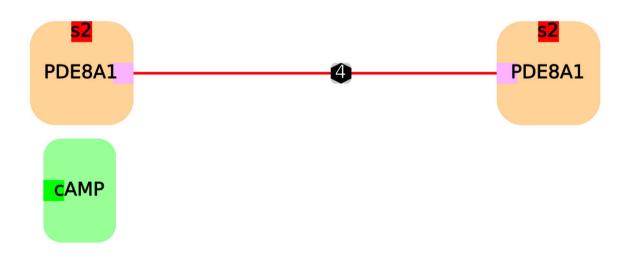
- Basic entities are graphs
   We use port graphs
  - - Edges connect to ports
    - Ports have states



- Basic entities are graphs
   We use port graphs
  - Rules model interaction between nodes
- - Edges connect to ports
  - Ports have states



- Basic entities are graphs
   We use port graphs
  - Rules model interaction between nodes
- - Edges connect to ports
  - Ports have states



LHS RHS

VALIDATING RULE-BASED MODELS

### THE CHALLENGE



### THE HOLY GRAIL

rule\_4

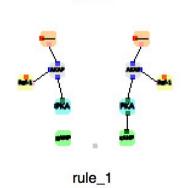
- You model a situation with a graph
  - Entities interact
  - Entities change states



rule\_3

 Define simple transformation rules that explain the dynamics driving this situation



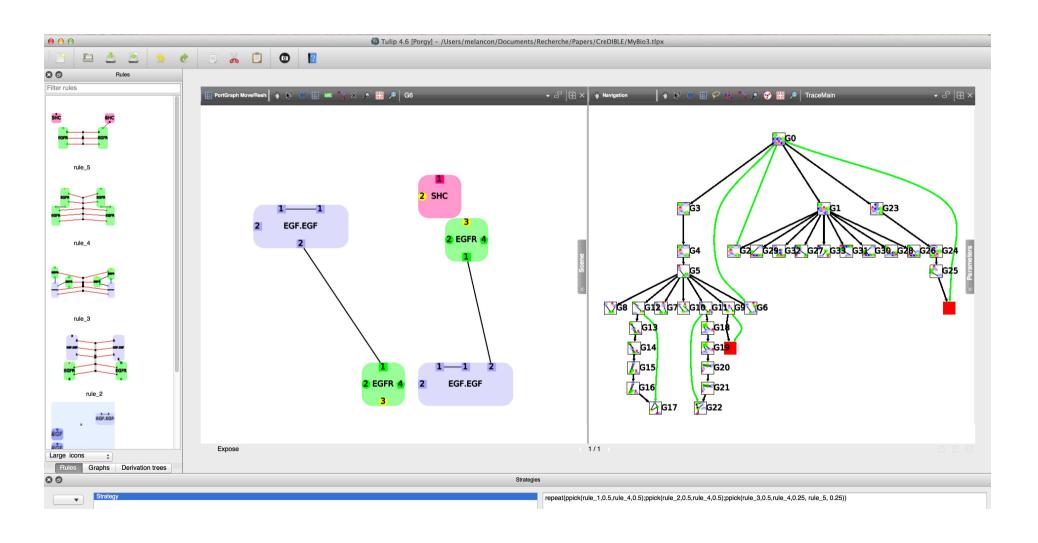


rule\_2

VISUAL ANALYTICS DASHBOARD FOR PORT GRAPH REWRITING

### THE FRAMEWORK

### SUPPORTING RULE-BASED MODELING



### **PORGY**

- Visual Analytics Dashboard for Port Graph Rewriting
  - Based on Tulip

Pinaud, B., G. Melançon, J. Dubois (2012) Computer Graphics Forum

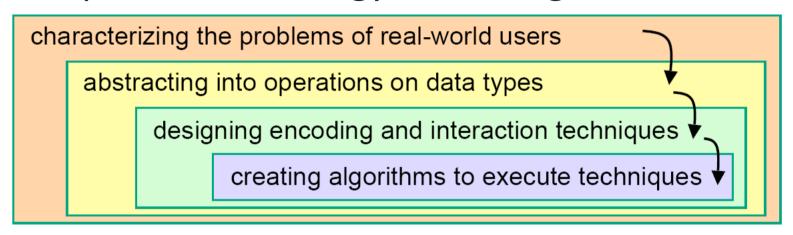
Fernandez, Kirchner, Pinaud (2014) Elec. Proc. TCS



http://tulip.labri.fr/

### VISUALIZATION SYSTEM DESIGN

Adopt a methodology according to Munzner



Munzner 2009, IEEE TVCG

- 3 year project
  - Biologists (O. Andrei), GRS experts (Fernandez, Kirchner)

### VISUAL ENCODINGS

- Node-link diagrams an obvious choice due to strong graphical conventions (from both user communities)
  - For graphs
  - For rules
- The derivation tree is drawn using a classical top-down hierarchical layout

### DESIGN: TASK REQUIREMENTS

#### **SYSTEM MODELING**

Define elementary molecule interactions

Define an evolution scenario

#### **GRS** QUESTIONS

Define *rhs/lhs* subgraphs

Define a *rewriting*strategy [Fernandez,
Kirchner, Namet]

- System modeling tasks/questions correspond to 'pure' GRS questions
  - Therefore indicating that genericity is achievable

### DESIGN: TASK REQUIREMENTS

#### **SYSTEM MODELING**

Heading towards model validation

Query for the presence of molecules

Study model parameters

#### **GRS** QUESTIONS

Iterate rule applications

Local inspection of graph items

Compute graph structural properties (metrics)

### DESIGN: TASK REQUIREMENTS

#### **TASK REQUIREMENTS**

Build/Edit rules or graphs, rewriting strategy

Trigger computations

Show dead-end situations

Selection

View synchronization

# VISUAL / INTERACTION / ALGORITHMS

**Graph editing** 

Show graph transformations

Drag & drop entites between views

Subgraph isomorphism heuristics

### MORE INVOLVED TASKS

#### **SYSTEM MODELING**

Keep track of computations Allow backtracking to check, adjust and/or modify model

Study model computational / structural properties

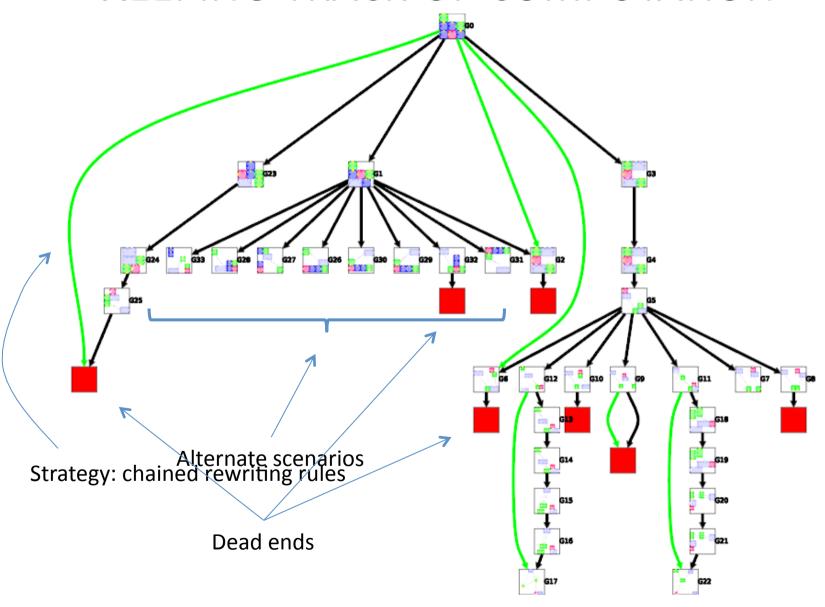
#### **GRS** QUESTIONS

Check for convergence or termination / premature end of computation Eventually fix the ruleset

Check for confluence of Computation

Inquire about structure of underlying ruleset

### KEEPING TRACK OF COMPUTATION



### KEEPING TRACK OF COMPUTATION

#### **SYSTEM MODELING**

Keep track of computations Allow backtracking to check, adjust and/or modify model

#### **GRS** QUESTIONS

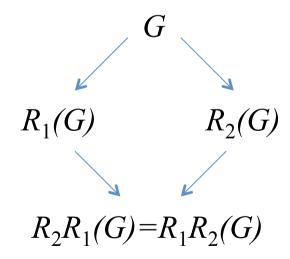
Check for *convergence* or termination / premature end of computation Eventually fix the ruleset

- Derivation tree as a history mechanism and data structure
  - Rule application is non-deterministic

### **M**ORE INVOLVED TASKS

#### **SYSTEM MODELING**

Study model computational / structural properties



## INQUIRE ABOUT STRUCTURE UNDERLYING RULESET

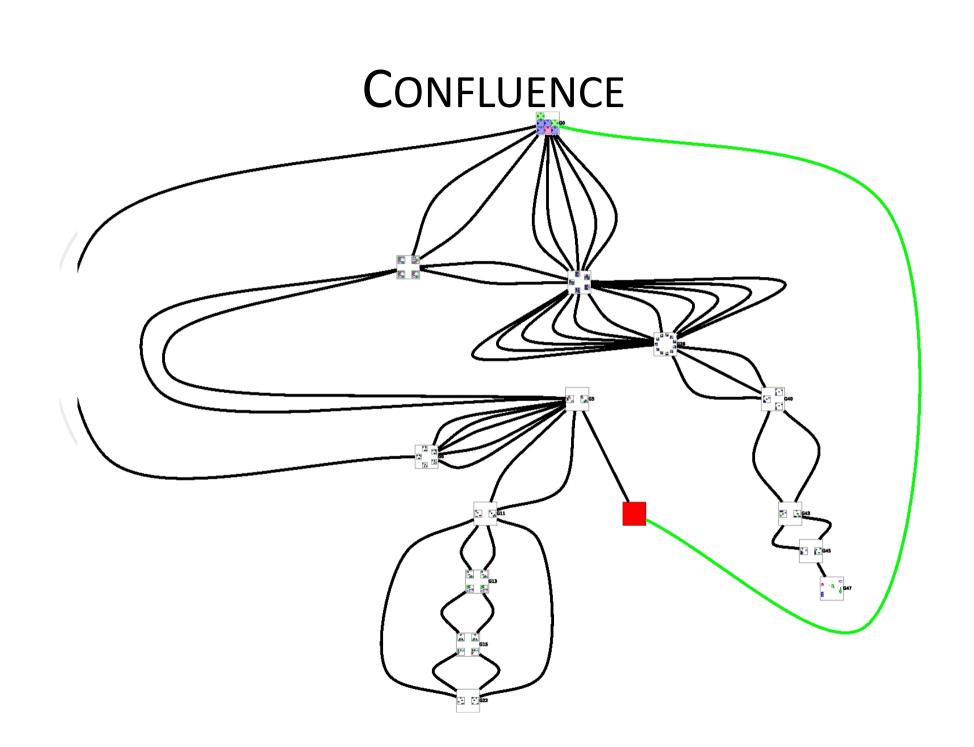
Check for *confluence* of Computation

Inquire about structure of underlying ruleset

 Confluence means rules 'commute'

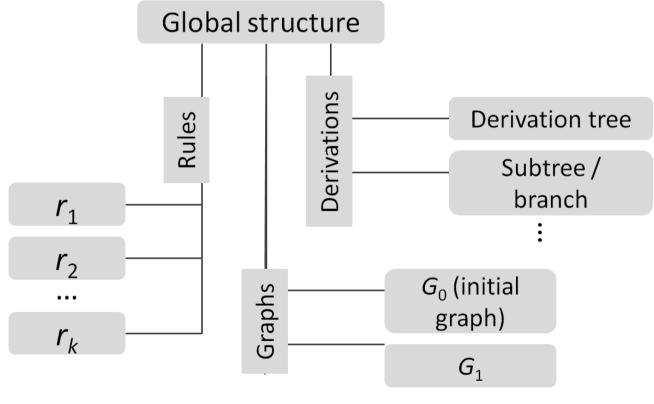
### CONFLUENCE: "ALL ROADS LEAD TO ROME"

- Confluence is heavy duty stuff both conceptually and computationally
  - Testing confluence requires identifying isomorphic copies of a graph
  - After identifying isomorphic copies, the derivation tree may be *folded* into a graph
  - Confluence is studied through pattern identification in the *folded* graph



### **DATA STRUCTURE**

 Implementing the necessary underlying data structures is far from obvious

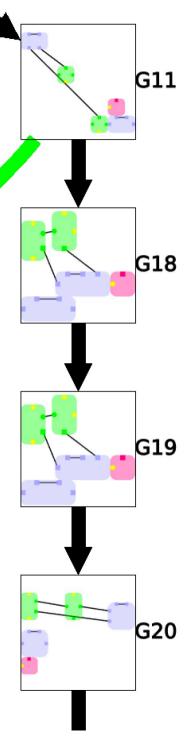




### **DATA STRUCTURE**

 Implementing the necessary underlying data structures is far from obvious

- All graphs resulting from rule applications share a common pool of nodes and edges
- Derivation tree: nodes contain graphs
- Nodes in scatterplots are graphs allows direct selection from/to derivation tree

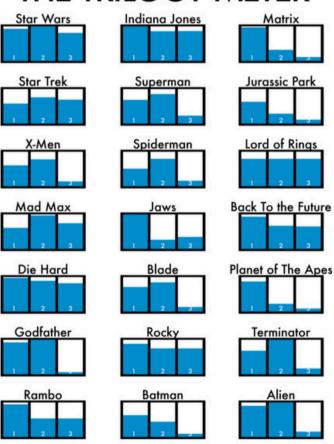


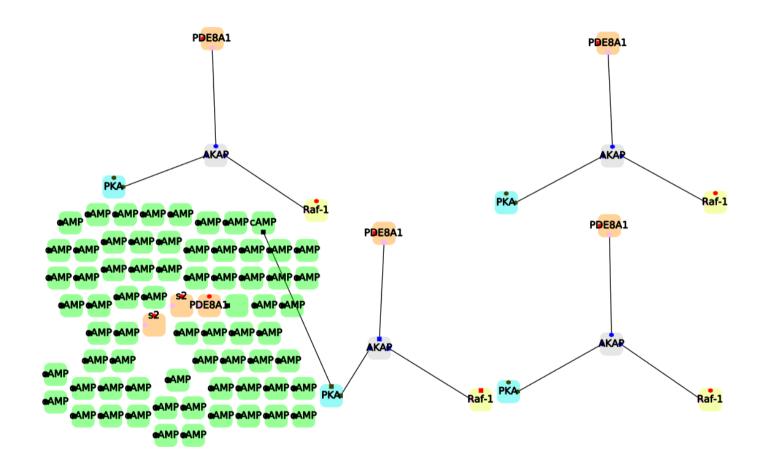
### Supporting Task Execution: Interaction

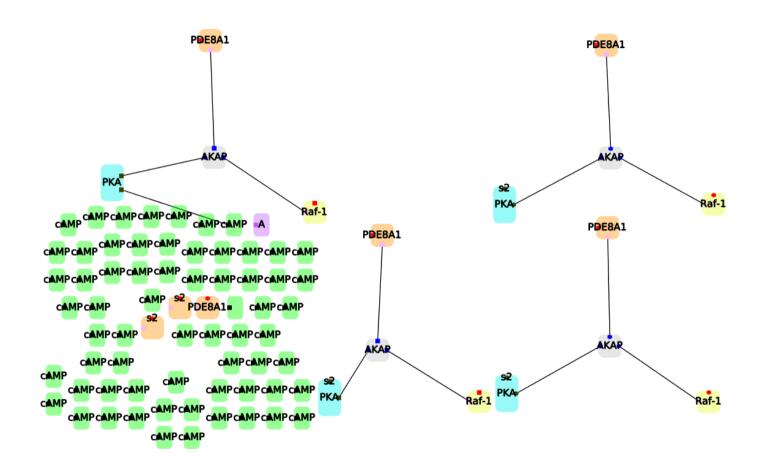
- Easy entity manipulation between views (drag & drop)
  - Rules / strategies dropped on graphs
- Tooltips to have a closer look at entities (rules, graphs) without having to instantiate views
  - For graphs
  - For rules
- Selection of entities across all views

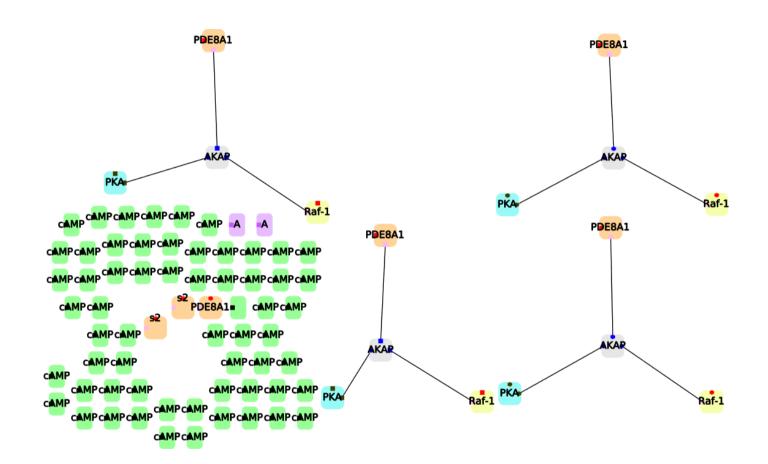
# EAGER EYE: SPOTTING CHANGES IN SMALL MULTIPLES

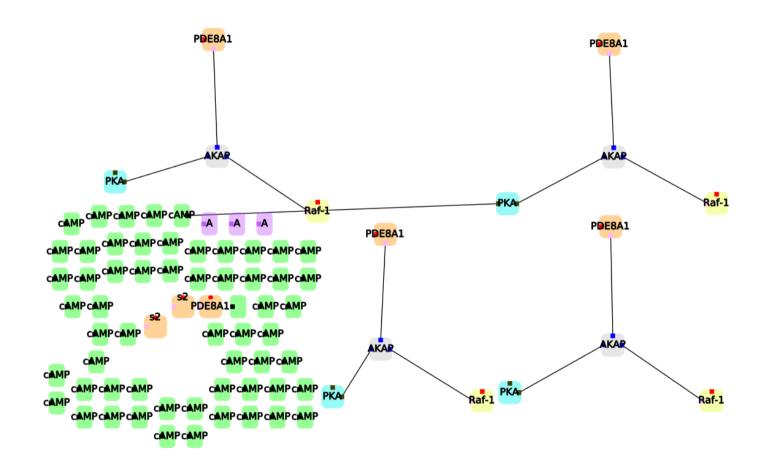
#### THE TRILOGY METER

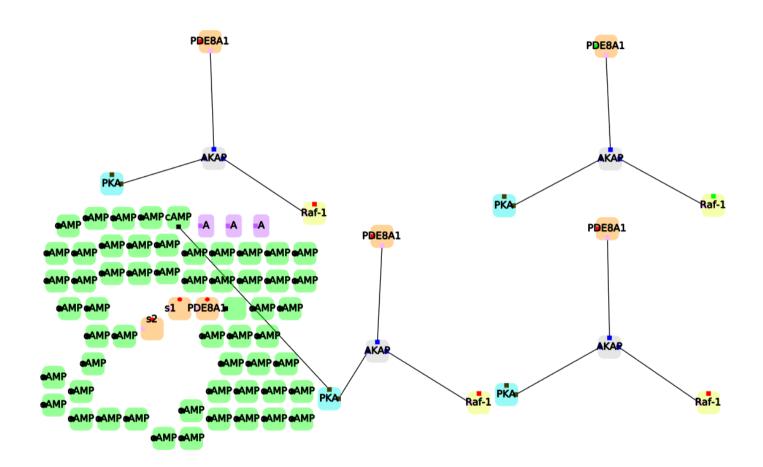


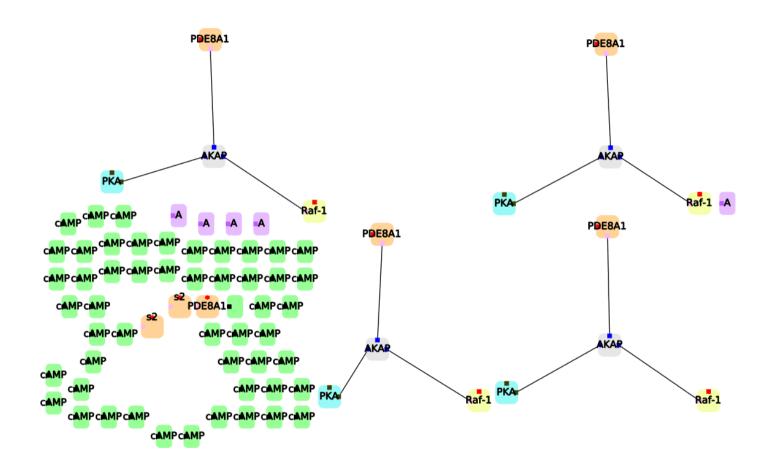


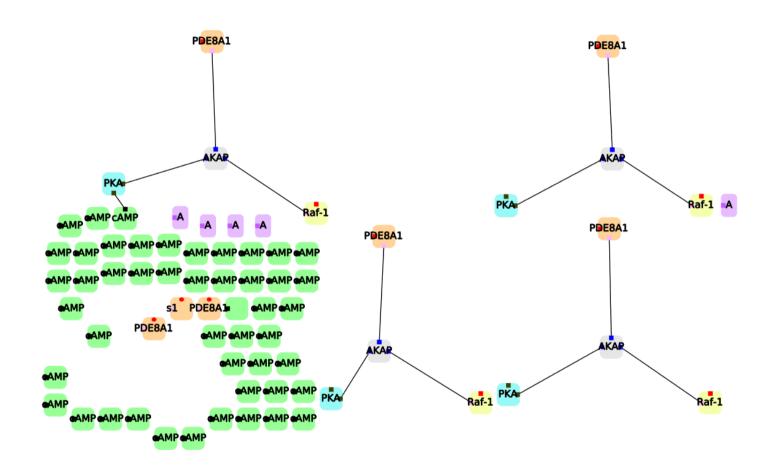


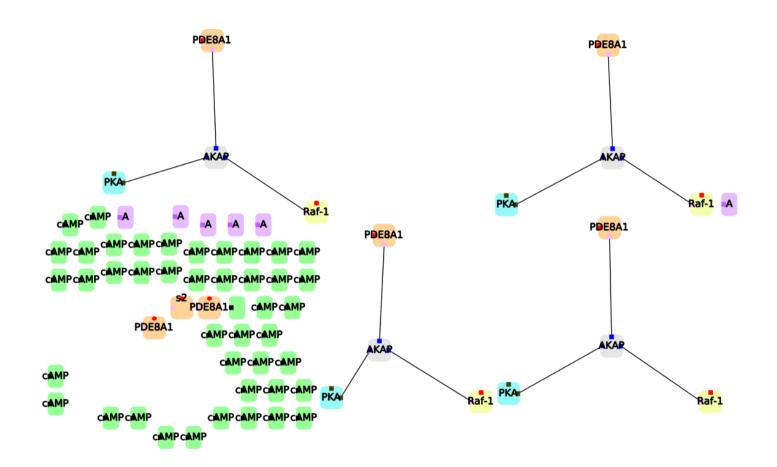










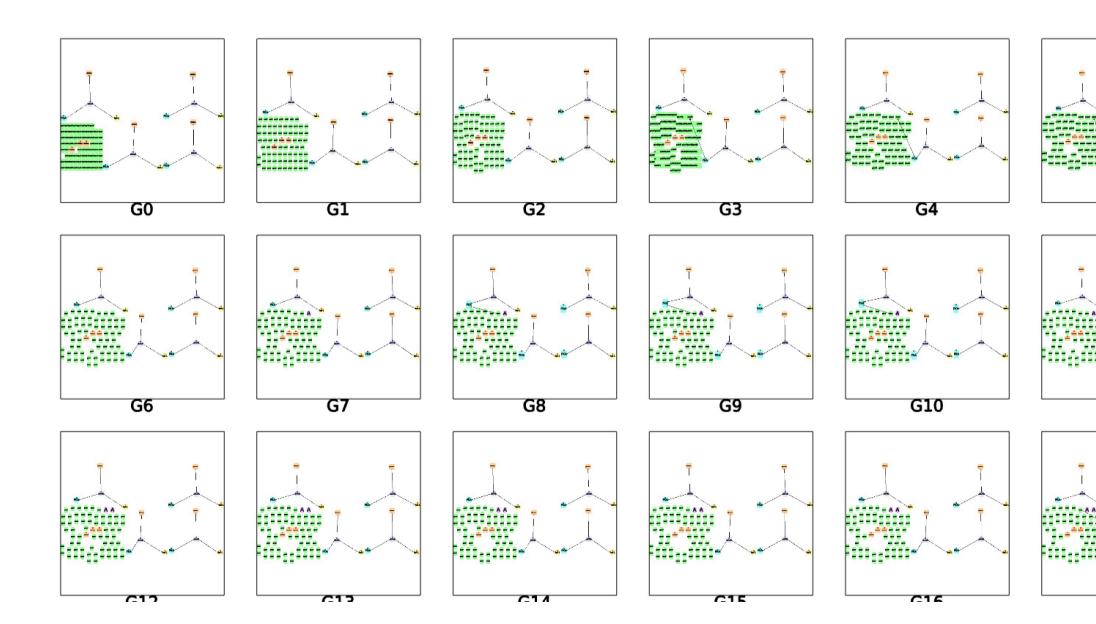


# ANIMATION, SMALL MULTIPLES, AND MENTAL MAP PRESERVATION

 Animation not always best approach to "read" changes in evolving graphs

Archambault, Purchase, Pinaud (2010) IEEE TVCG

 Individual preference is key in user performance
 Purchase, Samra (2008) Diagrams



VALIDATING RULE-BASED MODELS

## THE CHALLENGE - BIS

## System evolution — testing scenari

- Rules are only one piece of the puzzle
- Specify how rules are combined
  - Prioritize rules
  - Repeated applications of (sets of) rules
  - Stochastic scenarios (random selection of rules)
  - Select places where rules apply
  - Etc.

## System evolution — testing scenari

 Scenari are called « Rewriting strategies » and obey formal specifications

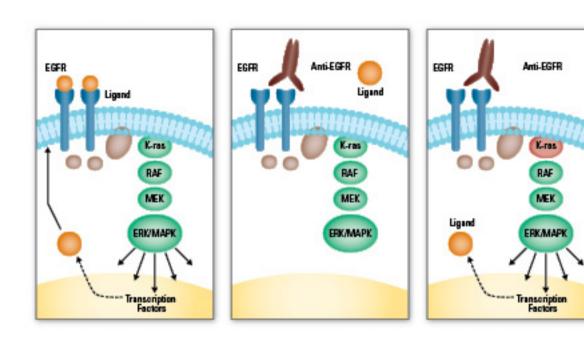
Fernandez, Kirchner, Pinaud (2014) EPTCS

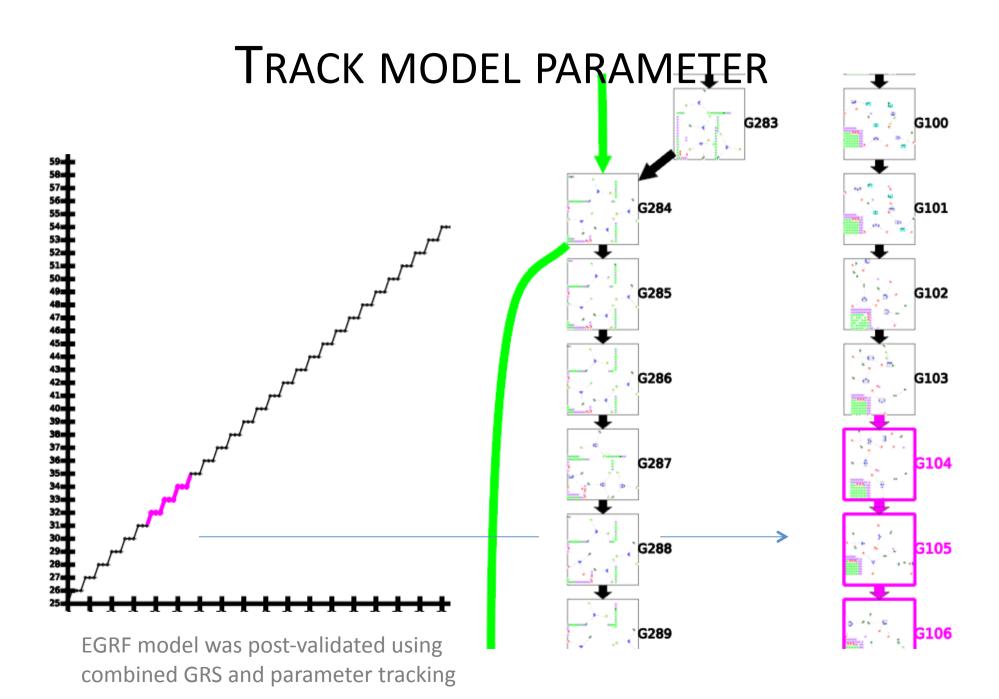
Kirchner (2013) EPTCS

Kirchner, Namet, Fernandez (2011) LOPSTR

Andrei, Fernandez, Kirchner, Melançon, Namet, Pinaud (2011) TERMGRAPH

## TRACK MODEL PARAMETER





## **STRATEGIES**

- Include macros to execute common subroutines
  - Visit all neighbors of a node
  - Compute spanning tree
  - Execute local computations on node states
  - Etc.
- Makes model design easier

## **FUTURE WORK**

## **TECHNICAL ISSUES**

- Layout stability issues
  - Difficult because incremental change take place over a hierarchy
  - The drawing of rules often relies on implicit assumptions: no universal layout for rules
- Extend model tracking to multiple parameters
- Graph folding (confluence)
  - Scalability issues with subgraph isomorphism

## EXTENDING THE REACH OF THE METHODOLOGY

 Port Graph Rewriting as a Universal Language to describe Network Propagation models

- Compare models
  - Expressiveness through complexity of rulesets
  - Computational efficiency through repeated simulations
  - Spot differences between models using PORGY

## **CONCLUSION**

- PORGY is quite unique in offering simulation steering using a derivation tree
  - Visualization & Interaction vs text-based approaches
- Use-case
  - EGRF model was post-validated using combined GRS and parameter tracking
- PORGY's design relies on long term user experience, and on Munzner's formal approach to viz design
  - Potential impact on both GRS and domain application communities

## **CONCLUSION**

- Visit PORGY
  - See Tulip's website



http://tulip.labri.fr/

Guy.Melancon@labri.fr

Related work is discussed in papers





